West Kirby Primary School

Invaders & Settlers-Picts, Scots & Vikings

Years 5 & 6 (Spring 1)

Picts & Scots

After the Romans left, Britain was invaded by the Scots, the Picts, followed by the Jutes the Angles and the Saxons.

The Picts were an ancient people. They didn't leave written records, so much of what we know comes from Roman and Greek records. The name 'Picts' probably comes from the Roman word 'pictus' meaning 'painted.' The Romans described the Picts as painted savages, but they would have worn clothes made of wool and leather. They



probably had blue tattoos. The ink for these tattoos came from a plant called woad.

The Picts had lived in Scotland since the Mesolithic Era. This means they had lived

there since around

10, 000 BC. It was not called Scotland when the Picts lived there, but Pictland. The Picts did not leave much evidence behind as they didn't write things down, but we can learn a lot about the Picts from the standing stones they carved. They carved patterns, symbols and images. Some stones also show labels written in ogham, a Pict alphabet.



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Viking Gods Vocabulary Dozen			
Odin	Father of the gods.	settlement	A place where people have come to live and built homes.
Frigg	Odin's wife, the goddess of love.	conquer	To get something by force
Thor	God of thunder and protector of humans.	kingdom	A country whose ruler is a king or queen
Tyr	God of war and justice.	Scandinavia	The area that is made up of the countries: Norway, Sweden and Denmark.
Loki	God of firelight – a sly and mischievous god who can change form.	ritual	A ceremony or series of acts that is always performed in the same way.
	Viking Britain	monastery	A building where people worship and devote their time to God.
790-799 AD	First Viking raids on Britain.	missionaries	Someone who makes it their mission to convert people to a particular religion.
793 AD	Attack on Lindisfarne (the first planned Viking raid).	fertile	Capable of producing fruit/ offspring.
871 AD	Alfred the Great becomes King of Wessex.	treaty	A written agreement between two states.
876 AD	Guthrum (new leader of Vikings) attacks Wessex.	massacre	The killing of many people.
878 AD	Battle at Chippenham, many of Alfred's men are killed.	archaeologist	An expert who studies objects from the past to learn about the people who lived then.
878 AD	Alfred's army beat the Danish Vikings. Alfred and Guthrum make a treaty.	excavation	To uncover something by digging and removing the earth that covers it.
924 AD	Athelstan becomes the King of Mercia.	Flags of Scandinavia – the countries Vikings came from.	
928 AD	Athelstan retakes York from the Vikings and becomes the first King of England.		
978 AD	New Viking raids after King Ethelred the Unready is crowned.		
1002 AD	Ethelred takes revenge on Vikings, orders all Danish men to be killed.	Norway	Sweden Denmark
1042 AD	Edward becomes king, and becomes known as Edward the Confessor.	Norway	Sweden Denmark
1066	Battle of Hastings.		